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Guperior Court of California County of Les Angeles

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Siovak Baron Empey Murphy & Pinkney LLP 1800 E. Tahquitz Canyon Way Palm Springs, CA 92262	1		un M. Murphy (SBN 194965) ak Baron Empey Murphy & Pinkney, LL	₽	A 7 3 Sherri R. Santer, Executive Officer/Clerk O 8 Sum A Deputy	
	2	1809	1800 East Tahquitz Canyon Way Palm Springs, California 92262 Telephone (760) 322-2275			
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	4		nurphy@sbelawyers.com			
	5	•	Attorneys for Plaintiff Elizabeth Crokin FILED BY FAX			
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	8		IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES			
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	11	ELIZ	ABETH CROKIN, an individual,	CA	ASE No. BC535279	
	12		Plaintiff,			
	13	v.		COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES (PERSONAL INJURY):		
	14	250	LLORY HILL, an individual,	1)	Battery;	
	15	IVI/A		2)	,	
	16		Defendant.		Distress;	
	17 18		,	3)	Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress;	
				4)	Negligence Per Se;	
	19			5)) Negligence;	
	20			6)) Fraud by Intentional Concealment;	
	21			7)) Fraud by Intentional 공항용공 등 Misrepresentation 유호류유	
	22				Misrepresentation	
	23	1.	PARTIES			
	24	•	1. Plaintiff, ELIZABETH CROKIN ("Plaintiff"), is and at all times mentioned			
	.25	bor	herein was, an individual residing in the County of Los Angeles, California.			
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JURISDICTION AND VENUE II.

- Jurisdiction is proper in this Court as the amount in controversy exceeds 3. \$25,000.00 and the subject matter of this dispute is otherwise within this court's jurisdiction.
- Venue is proper in this Court because this is an action for injury to person 4. from the wrongful act and/or negligence of Hill and the injury was caused or occurred in this judicial district.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS III.

- Plaintiff is a highly educated, successful broadcast and print journalist with 5. more than a decade of journalism experience. She has worked as a freelance contributor to such nationally recognized media as the Chicago Tribune, In Touch, US Weekly and E! News. Plaintiff has worked as an on-air personality on television shows such as AXS TV and Prime Time Chicago, and, working out of Los Angeles she has most recently authored a regular column for the Chicago Sun-Times.
- Upon information and belief, Hill is a successful businessman who has 6. worked in the mortgage industry since the 1990s. Plaintiff is further informed and believes that Hill has known for over 15 years that he is infected with the Herpes Simplex Virus, Type 1 ("oral herpes") and the Herpes Simplex Virus, Type 2 ("genital herpes"). Plaintiff is further informed and believes that Hills knew or had reason to know that oral herpes and genital herpes may be easily transmitted through sexual contact.
- Plaintiff and Hill met in early 2012 and communicated frequently. They first 7. engaged in sexual intercourse on or about May 31, 2012. Despite knowing that he was infected with both oral herpes and genital herpes, Hill did not use a condom or other form of protection when he engaged in sexual intercourse with Plaintiff. Furthermore, Hill failed to advise Plaintiff before engaging in unprotected sexual intercourse that he was infected with oral herpes and genital herpes.
- Two days later, on or about June 2, 2012, Plaintiff, concerned about the fact 8. the two did not use a condom during intercourse, asked Hill if he had any sexually transmitted diseases (STDs). Hill denied being infected and lied to Plaintiff, claiming, "I'm

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clean" and STD-free. In reliance upon Hill's express representation that he was not infected with any STDs, and upon other representations, Plaintiff believed that they were in an exclusive, monogamous relationship.

- Within weeks, Hill told Plaintiff that he loved her and wanted a completely 9. monogamous long-term relationship. On or about August 3, 2012, Hill invited Plaintiff to accompany him to his family reunion, at which he introduced Plaintiff to his family. Plaintiff placed her trust and confidence in Hill because of their intimate relationship and mutual promises of a monogamous relationship. As a result, over the following weeks and months, Plaintiff and Hill had unprotected sexual intercourse almost daily.
- On and between September 21, 2012 and September 24, 2012, on information and belief, Hill developed sores on and around his mouth. Plaintiff later learned that these sores were oral herpes but Hill lied to Plaintiff about the sores claiming that they were merely ingrown hairs. Hill grew facial hair which partially covered the sores and he perpetuated the lie by asking Plaintiff to borrow her tweezers to treat the "ingrown hairs." Because of their relationship of trust and confidence, Plaintiff believed Hill and did not think that he would do anything to harm her or put her health in jeopardy.
- Hill, however, acted with willful indifference to Plaintiff's health, well-being and 11. safety. Knowing that the sores on his mouth were an outbreak of oral herpes and not ingrown hairs, and that such sores were contagious, Hill proceeded to perform oral sex on Plaintiff and continued to engage in unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff.
- On or about September 27, 2012, Plaintiff began to experience vaginal pain. 12. She was initially treated for a urinary tract infection, but her symptoms continued to persist and got worse. Plaintiff and Hill traveled to Northern California in the beginning of October.
- Early in the morning of October 6, 2012, Plaintiff awoke with unbearable 13. vaginal pain. She located a medical facility nearby and Hill took her to the facility as soon as it opened. The treating physician said it was most likely a severe urinary tract infection that had spread to her kidneys or a sexually-transmitted disease.

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- Hill told Plaintiff that he would get tested for sexually-transmitted diseases 14. because he had insurance coverage. He persuaded Plaintiff not to get tested by telling her that whatever Plaintiff had he would have and it would show up in his tests. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill told the treating physician that he did not have any sexuallytransmitted diseases.
- 15. Plaintiff and Hill returned home to Los Angeles in the evening of October 7, 2012. The next day—October 8th—Plaintiff awoke with severe back and neck pain and was extremely dizzy and confused. She went to the emergency room at Cedars-Sinai Hospital. After Plaintiff described all of the symptoms she had been experiencing during the previous weeks, the treating physician gave her a spinal tap. The results were positive for meningitis but the doctor was very concerned about the sexually-transmitted diseaserelated symptoms Plaintiff described.
- Plaintiff's treating physician conducted a type specific HSV-1 and HSV-2 IgG 16. serum (blood) antibody test ("October IgG Test") which is used to detect an oral herpes and/or genital herpes infection. The results from the October IgG Test were negative.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that Plaintiff's treating doctor was 17. nonetheless concerned about Plaintiff's symptoms and called Hill to determine whether he had exposed Plaintiff to any sexually-transmitted diseases. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill told the doctor that he was clean and did not have any sexuallytransmitted diseases and that he does not lead a "high-risk" sexual lifestyle.
- Plaintiff was discharged from the hospital and returned home on October 9. 18. On October 10, Plaintiff became confused, and disoriented and experienced dizziness, headache, back pain, fever, blurred vision and photophobia (light sensitivity). She collapsed while out at an appointment and vomited multiple times. The next day she returned to Chicago so her family could care for her.
- The emergency room doctor from Cedar-Sinai called Plaintiff in Chicago on 19. October 15th. He told her that more test results came back from the spinal tap and that she

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was positive for herpes meningitis. He advised Plaintiff to seek immediate medical treatment because she was at risk for permanent brain damage.

- Plaintiff told Hill she was diagnosed with herpes meningitis. Hill repeatedly 20. denied having any kind of herpes or other form of sexually-transmitted disease. Hill reassured Plaintiff that he was not infected with herpes or any other type of sexuallytransmitted disease. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill's continued and repeated insistence that he was not infected with genital herpes and oral herpes delayed an accurate diagnosis of her condition and further aggravated her injuries.
- Placing her faith and trust in Hill, Plaintiff continued her relationship with Hill 21. not knowing the cause of her infection. She returned to work as a journalist in November 2012, but she could barely make it through the day. As a result of the meningoencephalitis, Plaintiff experienced severe vertigo, headaches, fatigue, dizziness, depression, anxiety, vision problems, light sensitivity and memory loss. These conditions impaired Plaintiff's ability to perform her work and continue her career. In less than a month, Plaintiff was laid off and has since been unable to work in her chosen profession because of the effects she continues to suffer from her infection.
- 22. As Plaintiff suffered the effects of her infection and the meningoencephalitis, Hill continued to deny that he was infected with any type of herpes or sexually-transmitted disease. On or about March 26, 2013, Hill sent a text message to Plaintiff in which he said, "I went and got tested," and, "There is no way in hell I caused your illness." Hill's statement was false and he knew it.
- Two days later on March 28, 2013, Hill sent another text to Plaintiff in which 23. he claimed that he "was tested for everything under the sun," and that he was STD-free. Hill's statement was false and he knew it.
- Plaintiff's treating physicians performed another HSV type-specific serum IgG 24. test on March 29, 2013 ("March IgG Test"). By this time, Plaintiff's immune system had developed antibodies in response to the herpes infection and the test results were positive for genital herpes.

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- Plaintiff is informed and believes that the results of the October IgG Test and 25. the March IgG Test indisputably confirmed that during the late September early October 2012 period Plaintiff was suffering from an initial primary outbreak of genital herpes and that the infection was transmitted to her by Hill.
- Plaintiff also learned that Hill was infected with genital herpes and oral herpes 26. from his ex-wife. On or about April 1, 2013, Hill's ex-wife told Plaintiff that Hill knew he was infected with genital herpes and that he has been infected for over 15 years. She also said that he has been taking prescription medication to treat it for over 15 years. Hill's ex-wife also confirmed that Hill infected her and she believed that Hill had infected at least one other person with genital herpes.
- Upon learning that she was infected with genital herpes, Plaintiff once again 27. confronted Hill about whether he was infected with genital herpes. Hill finally admitted to Plaintiff that he was infected with genital herpes during a telephone conversation on May 27, 2012. Hill also admitted to knowing he was infected for over 15 years; that genital herpes is contagious and incurable, and that he had experienced at least one genital breakout before having unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill has engaged in unprotected sexual 28. intercourse with other women before, during and after his relationship with Plaintiff without disclosing beforehand that he is infected with an incurable and contagious venereal disease, i.e., genital herpes. Plaintiff is further informed and believes that Hill is engaging in a similar pattern and practice with other women and by doing so he is placing women's health and safety at risk by engaging in unprotected sexual intercourse without first disclosing his genital herpes infection. Hill admitted that he knew genital herpes is highly contagious and can be transmitted via sexual contact and Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill has infected at least one, if not multiple, other women with genital herpes.
- As a result of contracting genital herpes from Hill and herpes-induced 29. meningitis, Plaintiff has suffered permanent physical and emotional injuries. Her symptoms include physical and mental fatigue, blurred vision, inability to focus or concentrate,

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dizziness and confusion, vaginal pain, as well as severe mental and emotional distress. Plaintiff has further experienced embarrassment, shame, anxiety and revulsion at having been infected with genital herpes and herpes-induced meningitis by Hill. Further, upon information and belief. Plaintiff's health may be compromised in the future as a result of an increased risk of cervical cancer, shingles and other medical conditions derived from herpes. Plaintiff has further been damaged by having to monitor her condition, attend additional doctors' appointments, and take prescription medications, all to her physical, emotional and financial detriment. Plaintiff's prospect of enjoying a full and healthy life has been compromised and diminished. Her ability to have and enjoy a personal, intimate or sexual relationship has been eroded and diminished, as has her prospect of entering into a future marriage and having children.

IV. **CAUSES OF ACTION**

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Battery)

- Plaintiff incorporates in this paragraph each and every allegation of 30. paragraphs 1 through 29 above as though set forth verbatim herein.
- When Hill and Plaintiff first engaged in unprotected sexual intercourse on May 31. 31, 2012, and on every occasion after that, Hill was infected with an incurable venereal disease (oral herpes and genital herpes).
- When Hill and Plaintiff first engaged in unprotected sexual intercourse on May 32. 31, 2012, and on every occasion after that, Hill knew he was infected with an incurable venereal disease (oral herpes and genital herpes).
- Hill knowingly, intentionally, and willfully engaged in unprotected sexual 33. intercourse with Plaintiff, fully aware that he was infected with an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease.
- Having sexual contact with an uninfected person and knowingly exposing 34. them to an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease as Hill did to Plaintiff would be harmful and offensive to a reasonable person.

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- Exposing Plaintiff to an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease 35. during unprotected sexual intercourse was and is harmful and offensive to Plaintiff. As a direct and proximate result of Hill's wrongful and offensive conduct, Plaintiff was infected with an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease.
- Plaintiff did not consent to being exposed to an incurable and highly 36. contagious venereal disease when she engaged in sexual intercourse with Hill on or about May 31, 2012. Plaintiff similarly did not consent to being repeatedly exposed to an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease when she engaged in subsequent acts of sexual intercourse with Hill.
- As a result of Hill's fraudulent misrepresentations and concealment, Plaintiff 37. did not lawfully consent to engage in sexual intercourse with Hill, as any purported consent was vitiated by the fact Hill did not disclose to her that he was infected with a contagious and incurable venereal disease.
- Plaintiff asked Hill on multiple occasions if he was infected with herpes, 38. genital herpes, or any other form of STD and each time Hill lied to and deceived Plaintiff and her health care providers by misrepresenting that he was "clean" and not infected. Plaintiff reasonably relied on Hill's assurances and promises based on their intimate relationship and the trust and confidence that she had placed in him.
- Hill's fraudulent scheme to deceive Plaintiff about his condition delayed 39. Plaintiff's diagnosis. The delay in diagnosis and treatment caused the virus to infect her Plaintiff's meningoencephalitis. in herpes resulting and brain spinal cord meningoencephalitis aggravated Plaintiff's condition and has caused severe and likely irreversible damage to her physical and mental well-being.
- As a direct and proximate cause of Hill's offensive and harmful contact, 40. Plaintiff has suffered injury, damage, loss, and harm to her body and mind. Plaintiff has suffered pain and irritation to her body; embarrassment and anxiety as a result of contracting and incurable venereal disease; confusion and disorientation as a result of invasion. humiliation. and personal meningoencephalitis; contracting herpes

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inconvenience; financial expense associated with continued medical examinations, screenings, testing, monitoring and medication; financial loss as a result of an inability to maintain useful employment because of her injuries; and emotional distress because of an increased risk of contracting various other diseases, including cervical cancer and HIV.

As a direct and proximate result of Hill's offensive and harmful sexual contact, 41. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial, but which is presently believed to be in excess of \$4,000,000.00.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress)

- Plaintiff incorporates in this paragraph each and every allegation of 42. paragraphs 1 through 29, and 31 through 40 as if the allegations were set forth in full in this paragraph.
- During the events alleged in this complaint, Plaintiff and Hill were engaged an 43. intimate sexual relationship. Based on their intimate relationship, Plaintiff placed her faith, trust and confidence in Hill and Hill was aware that Plaintiff placed her trust and confidence in him. As a result of their relationship of trust and confidence, Hill owed Plaintiff a legal duty to use ordinary care to avoid causing any injury to her.
- Knowing that he was infected with an incurable and highly contagious 44. venereal disease, Hill breached his duty to Plaintiff by, but not limited to, the following:
 - Exposing Plaintiff to an incurable and highly contagious venereal Α. disease knowing that he was infected;
 - Engaging in unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff on repeated B. occasions knowing that he was infected with an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease;
 - After Plaintiff started exhibiting the symptoms of an initial outbreak of C. genital herpes, failing to inform and advise Plaintiff that he was infected with an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease;

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- After Plaintiff continued to exhibit symptoms of an initial outbreak of D. genital herpes and sought medical treatment for the as yet unknown condition, falsely telling Plaintiff that he was not infected with any STDs: and
- After Plaintiff continued to exhibit symptoms of an initial outbreak of E. genital herpes and had to be hospitalized for treatment for the as yet unknown condition, falsely telling Plaintiff's treating physicians that he was not infected with any STDs which interfered with and delayed their diagnosis of Plaintiff's condition further aggravating the damage and causing her to suffer herpes meningoencephalitis, among other things.
- Hill breached the duty of care intentionally and with reckless disregard for the 45. probability that severe injury would result by engaging in unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff without advising Plaintiff that he was infected with an incurable venereal disease before any sexual contact. Hill further breached his duty of care by engaging in sexual intercourse without taking any precautions to prevent Plaintiff from getting infected.
- In fact, Hill lied to Plaintiff and lulled her into a false sense of security by 46. telling her repeatedly that he was not infected. When the events alleged in this complaint took place, Hill knew he was infected with genital herpes, and knew or should have known that he could infect Plaintiff with the genital herpes. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that Hill knew or should have known that genital herpes was contagious and incurable.
- The above-referenced conduct of Hill was outrageous and beyond the 47. bounds of decency such that no reasonable person could be expected to endure it. As a result of being infected with an incurable and highly contagious venereal disease and thereby contracting herpes meningoencephalitis from Hill, Plaintiff has been forced to endure physical pain, severe mental anguish, shock and continued humiliation, feelings of helplessness and desperation. Each of these injuries is severe and enduring. Plaintiff was physically and emotionally abused by Hill as a result of being infected with the incurable

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venereal disease, which thereafter proximately caused her to contract herpes meningoencephalitis.

- As a direct and proximate result of Hill's intentional, malicious, harmful, 48. unlawful and offensive acts, Plaintiff sustained severe and serious injury to her person, including but not limited to, contracting a contagious and incurable venereal disease, contracting a severe brain tissue infection known as herpes meningoencephalitis, and suffering an increased risk of developing cervical cancer and other serious medical conditions, such as HIV. Plaintiff has further suffered severe emotional distress and anxiety.
- Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be determined according to proof 49. at the time of trial, but which is presently believed to be in excess of \$4,000,000.00.
- Hill's conduct as alleged herein was willful, fraudulent, despicable, 50. outrageous, and with conscious disregard and indifference to Plaintiff's health and safety. Such conduct, as specifically alleged in the foregoing paragraphs, constitutes oppression, fraud, and/or malice as defined in California Civil Code section 3294, thereby entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish and/or make an example of Hill.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligence Per Se—Violation of Statute)

- Plaintiff incorporates in this paragraph each and every allegation of 51. paragraphs 1 through 29 as if the allegations were set forth in full in this paragraph.
- California Health and Safety Code section 120600 prohibits, among other 52. things, a person infected with a venereal disease, and who knows of the condition, from having sexual intercourse with and/or infecting an uninfected person. Plaintiff is informed and believes that a violation of section 120600 is a misdemeanor.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill violated section 120600 because of 53. the following:

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- Hill is infected with an incurable and highly contagious venereal A. disease and was infected before he engaged in sexual intercourse with Plaintiff:
- Hill knows and knew he was infected before he engaged in sexual B. intercourse with Plaintiff;
- Hill knows and knew his infection is and was contagious before he C. engaged in sexual intercourse with Plaintiff; and
- Hill infected Plaintiff with an incurable and infectious venereal disease. D.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill's violation of section 120600 was a 54. substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's injury.
- Hill is therefore liable to Plaintiff for negligence per se. As a direct and 55. proximate result of Hill's violation of statute and negligence per se, Plaintiff sustained severe and serious injury to her person, including but not limited to, contracting a contagious and incurable venereal disease, contracting a severe brain tissue infection known as herpes meningoencephalitis, and suffering an increased risk of developing cervical cancer and other serious medical conditions, such as HIV. Plaintiff has further suffered severe emotional distress and anxiety.
- Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be determined according to proof 56. at the time of trial, but which is presently believed to be in excess of \$4,000,000.00.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligence)

- Plaintiff incorporates in this paragraph each and every allegation of 57. paragraphs 1 through 29 as if the allegations were set forth in full in this paragraph.
- Hill owed a legal duty to disclose to Plaintiff before engaging in sexual 58. intercourse with her that he was infected with a contagious and incurable venereal disease and to otherwise use ordinary care to prevent injury to her.
- Hill breached that duty of care when he engaged in sexual intercourse, 59. including oral sex, with Plaintiff without informing and advising her that he was infected with

a contagious and incurable venereal disease. Hill further breached that duty when he provided false information to Plaintiff's health care providers and misled them about his venereal disease infections.

- 60. Hill's breach of duty proximately caused significant injury to Plaintiff, as she was infected with genital herpes which led meningoencephalitis. Hill's breach further delayed Plaintiff's diagnosis and treatment aggravating her injuries and causing great bodily harm.
- 61. As a result of said injury, Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial, but which is presently believed to be in excess of \$4,000,000.00.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress)

- 62. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 29, 52 through 55, and 58 through 60 above as if the allegations were set forth in full in this paragraph.
- 63. During the events alleged in this complaint, Plaintiff and Hill were engaged an intimate sexual relationship. Based on their intimate relationship, Plaintiff placed her faith, trust and confidence in Hill and Hill was aware that Plaintiff placed her trust and confidence in him. As a result of their relationship of trust and confidence, Hill owed Plaintiff a legal duty to use ordinary care to avoid causing any injury to her.
- 64. Hill breached that duty of care when he engaged in sexual intercourse, including oral sex, with Plaintiff without informing and advising her that he was infected with a contagious and incurable venereal disease. Hill further breached that duty when he provided false information to Plaintiff's health care providers and misled them about his venereal disease infections.
- 65. Hill knew or should have known that exposing Plaintiff to and infecting her with an incurable and contagious venereal disease would cause serious emotional distress to Plaintiff.

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- Hill's breach of duty to Plaintiff was a direct and proximate cause of significant 66. injury to Plaintiff, as she was infected with genital herpes, which condition led to her contracting meningoencephalitis.
- As a result of injuries, Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be 67. determined according to proof at the time of trial, but which is presently believed to be in excess of \$4,000,000.00.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraud by Intentional Concealment against Hill)

- Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation of 68. paragraphs 1 through 49 as though each were set forth in full in this paragraph.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that before May 31, 2012, Hill had actual 69. knowledge that he was infected with genital herpes and oral herpes. Before engaging in sexual intercourse with Plaintiff on May 31, 2012, Hill had a legal duty to tell her that he was infected with an incurable and contagious venereal disease.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that Hill concealed his venereal disease 70. infection from Plaintiff and engaged in unprotected sexual intercourse with her on multiple occasions without ever informing her that he was infected with genital herpes or oral herpes. As a result of Hill's knowing and intentional concealment, Plaintiff engaged in unprotected sexual intercourse with Hill, having no knowledge of his infection with genital herpes or oral herpes.
- By engaging in unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff without first 71. disclosing to her that he was infected with genital herpes or oral herpes, Hill breached his duty to disclose said facts to Plaintiff. Hill intended to mislead Plaintiff so that she would engage in unprotected sexual intercourse with him. Had Plaintiff known that Hill was infected with genital herpes or oral herpes she would not have had sexual relations with him.
- When Plaintiff asked Hill if he was free of sexually transmitted diseases, she 72. relied on him to be direct and honest with her. Plaintiff and Hill were engaged in an intimate

sexual relationship and Plaintiff reasonably relied on Hill's assurances that he was clean and disease free. Plaintiff further relied on Hill's expressions of love and affection for her, and that he would protect her from harm.

- 73. As a proximate and legal result of Hill's concealment as alleged, Plaintiff was damaged physically and mentally by contracting genital herpes and herpes meningoencephalitis from Hill. Plaintiff has suffered permanent and great bodily injury, in addition to embarrassment, anxiety as a result of contracting an incurable sexually-transmitted disease; personal invasion, humiliation, inconvenience and financial expense associated with continued medical examinations, screening, testing, monitoring and medication, and emotional stress as a result of now having an increased risk for various other diseases, including cervical cancer and HIV.
- 74. As a direct and proximate result of Hill's acts, Plaintiff has damaged in an amount to be determined according to proof at the time of trial, but which is presently believed to be in excess of \$4,000,000.00.
- 75. Hill, by knowingly concealing the fact he was infected with an incurable and contagious venereal disease before engaging in unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff, was willful, despicable, and in conscious disregard for Plaintiff's health and safety. Such conduct constitutes oppression, fraud, and/or malice pursuant to *California Civil Code* Section 3294, thereby entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish and/or make an example of Hill.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraud by Intentional Misrepresentation against Hill)

- 76. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation of paragraphs 1 through 29 and 43 through 49 though each were set forth in full in this paragraph.
- 77. On or about June 2, 2012, Plaintiff was concerned about her health because during her first sexual encounter with Hill he did not use a condom or other form of protection against the transmission of a venereal disease.

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- Plaintiff asked Hill directly and specifically if he was free of sexually 78. transmitted diseases. Hill had a legal duty to answer truthfully and honestly. Whether Hill was infected with an incurable sexually transmitted disease was a material fact that was important to Plaintiff and to her decision whether to continue to engage in an intimate relationship with Hill. Hill responded falsely by telling Plaintiff that he was not infected with any sexually-transmitted and that "he was clean" despite having actual knowledge at the time that he was infected with genital herpes and oral herpes.
- By continuing to engage in unprotected sexual intercourse with Plaintiff after 79. falsely telling her that he was disease-free, Hill breached his duty to disclose said facts to Plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that Hill made the knowing and intentionally false representation to mislead Plaintiff so that she would continue to engage in sexual intercourse with him.
- Plaintiff relied on Hill to respond to her question truthfully and honestly. 80. Plaintiff and Hill were at the very beginning of an intimate sexual relationship and Plaintiff reasonably relied on Hill's assurances that he was clean. Had Plaintiff known that Hill was infected with genital herpes and oral herpes she would not have continued to have sexual intercourse with him.
- In or about September 2012, Hill had actual knowledge or should have known 81. that he was suffering an active herpes outbreak of lesions in and around his mouth. Hill knew or should have known, that he was highly contagious, and that he could readily transmit the herpes virus to Plaintiff.
- To conceal his infection, Hill misrepresented to Plaintiff that the outbreak was 82. "ingrown hairs." Plaintiff did not know his representation was false and she had no reason to believe it was false. She relied on their relationship of trust and confidence and based on that reliance Plaintiff allowed Hill to perform oral sex on her during what she later learned was an active herpes outbreak. Hill knew or should have known that he could infect Plaintiff with herpes by engaging in oral sex during an active outbreak of herpes.

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- As alleged above, Hill further misrepresented his infected condition to Plaintiff 83. and her treating physicians. When Plaintiff started exhibiting the symptoms of an initial outbreak of genital herpes, she asked Hill if he was infected with any venereal disease and he lied. After Plaintiff continued to exhibit symptoms of an initial outbreak of genital herpes and sought medical treatment for the as yet unknown condition, Plaintiff again asked Hill if he was infected with any sexually-transmitted diseases and he again lied.
- After Plaintiff had to be hospitalized for treatment for the as yet unknown 84. condition, she and her doctors asked Hill if he was infected with any sexually-transmitted diseases. Hill again lied about his condition. In reliance on Hill's knowingly false representations Plaintiff, among other things, refrained from pursuing treatment which would have mitigated the damage caused by her infection. Hill's knowingly false representations further interfered with and delayed the diagnosis of Plaintiff's condition further aggravating the damage and causing her to suffer herpes meningoencephalitis, among other things.
- Plaintiff reasonably relied on Hill's misrepresentations and was ignorant of the 85. true facts concealed by Hill's misrepresentations and did not know she could contract genital herpes or herpes meningoencephalitis from engaging in sexual intercourse with Hill.
- As a proximate and legal result of the misrepresentations as alleged herein, 86. Plaintiff was damaged physically and mentally as a consequence of being infected by Hill with genital herpes, which led to herpes-meningitis. Plaintiff has suffered in body and mind, and is entitled to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- By knowingly misrepresenting material facts to Plaintiff regarding his infection 87. with an incurable sexually-transmitted disease, Hill engaged in acts there were willful, despicable, outrageous, and in conscious disregard for Plaintiff's health and safety. Such conduct constitutes oppression, fraud, or malice pursuant to California Civil Code Section 3294, thereby entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish and/or make an example of Levin.